# **Prescription Drug Transition Worksheet**

Use this worksheet for your own personal reference to make sure you're prepared to get your prescriptions. Fill out a separate worksheet for each medication.



Note: If you enroll under Aetna, Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield, Cigna, or UnitedHealthcare, your pharmacy benefit manager will be CVS Caremark. All other carriers will manage their own prescription drug coverage.

My Medication Name:	— My Prescription Number/Identifier:
Call CVS Caremark or your insurance co	arrier for answers to these questions:
? Is my medication on the formulary? If not, how much more will I have to pay?  Notes:	? Are there any quantity limits?  Notes:
? How much will a 30-day supply cost? How much will a 90-day supply cost? Notes:	? Is pre-authorization required? If so, what information will my doctor need to provide for my medication to be covered? Where can I find any forms that need to be completed?  Notes:
? Will I have to pay a penalty if I choose a brand name drug if a generic is available?  Notes:	? How do I find an in-network pharmacy?  Notes:
? Is my drug considered preventive?  Notes:	? How do I set up mail-order prescriptions?
Will I have to go through a step therapy program (see right)? If so, what alternative will I have to try before n medication is covered?	wilders a step interact broatain:

## Did You Enroll in Silver?

medication is covered?

Notes:

If so, when the new plan year begins, you'll pay the **full** cost of a medication's discounted rate until you meet the combined medical and prescription deductible. If you or a covered family member takes maintenance medications, you can take steps to protect your health and your wallet **now**.

For starters, keep taking and refilling your medication as directed (as always).

Then, if you or a covered family member takes a brand name medication, consider these ways to lower your costs:

#### Make sure your prescription is on the formulary.

A **formulary** is a list of generic and brand name medications that are approved by the Food and Medication Administration (FDA) and are covered under your prescription plan.

Check with CVS Caremark or your carrier to make sure your

medication is listed on the formulary before you fill it. If it isn't, you'll pay more.

you'll need to try using the most cost-effective version

first—usually the generic. A more expensive version will only be covered if the first drug isn't effective in treating

### Go generic.

your condition.

Generics meet the same standards as brand name medications, but they **typically** cost less. And, because brand name medications can be expensive, some carriers don't cover them **at all** if a generic is available. Ask your doctor if a generic is available to you.

#### Use mail order.

Mail-order service can save you a trip to the pharmacy and may reduce your costs. To set up mail order with CVS Caremark or a new medical insurance carrier, you'll likely need a new 90-day prescription from your doctor. And, because mail order can take a few weeks to establish, it's a good idea to ask your doctor for a 30-day prescription to fill at a retail pharmacy in the meantime.